

## 2025-2026 学年高三英语第一学期定时检测

2025. 10

### 参考答案

#### 第一部分:

听力: 1—5 CCAAC 6—10 AABBC 11—15 CABBA 16—20 CCABB

#### 第二部分 阅读

21. C 22. D 23. B

【导语】这是一篇应用文。本文介绍了几个由年轻人创立的成功公司。

21. 细节理解题。根据 **WordPress, Matt Mullenweg** 部分的“*So he and Mike Little built a blogging platform called WordPress, which has been well received.*”(所以他 (Matt Mullenweg) 和 Mike Little 建立了一个名为 WordPress 的博客平台, 该平台受到了广泛好评)”可知, 是 Matt Mullenweg 建立了一个博客平台。故选 C。

22. 细节理解题。根据 **MinorMynas, Hillary Yip** 部分的“*At 10 years old, after years of struggling to learn Chinese, Hillary’s parents decided to send her and her brother to a summer program in Hong Kong, and with no other option but to speak Chinese, they learned it almost overnight. At this point she came up with her best idea yet: a video-sharing platform for kids to learn languages as a community. MinorMynas came to life one year later.*”(10 岁时, 在努力学习中文多年后, Hillary 的父母决定送她和弟弟去香港参加一个暑期项目, 由于除了说中文别无选择, 他们几乎一夜之间就学会了中文。就在这时, 她想出了迄今为止最好的主意: 一个视频分享平台, 让孩子们作为社区一起学习语言。一年后, MinorMynas 诞生了)”可知, 是 Hillary Yip 参加语言课程的经历激发了她创建 MinorMynas 的灵感。故选 D。

23. 细节理解题。根据 **Maya’s Ideas, Maya Penn** 部分的“*Maya built the website herself and decided to give a percentage to charities and only make eco-friendly products.*”(Maya 自己建立了网站, 并决定将一部分收入捐给慈善机构, 只生产环保产品)”可知, Maya’s Ideas 的特别之处在于它强调可持续的做法。故选 B。

24. D 25. A 26. B 27. C

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者从对书法感兴趣到在迪拜从事光绘书法摄影的经历和创作理念。

24. 细节理解题。根据第一段中“*I was engaged and spent several years learning different calligraphy scripts (笔迹) in the Urdu language.*”(我全神贯注, 花了好几年时间学习乌尔都语的不同书法笔迹。)”可知, 作者愿意深入研究书法。故选 D。

25. 细节理解题。根据第二段中“*Falling in love with the architecture and high-rise buildings, I wanted to shoot the amazing beauty from different angles.*”(我爱上了这里的建筑和高楼大厦, 想从不同的角度拍摄这令人惊叹的美。)”可知, 建筑物的视觉冲击力让作者对在迪拜拍照产生了兴趣。故选 A。

26. 细节理解题。根据第三段中“The best part about my work is that they are not photoshopped. I prefer to get the results straight out of the camera.(我工作的最好的部分是它们没有经过 PS 处理。我更喜欢直接从相机里得到结果。)”可知，作者通过坚持原创性来增强光绘书法的效果。故选 B。

27. 推理判断题。根据最后一段中“Currently, I’m working on the idea of bringing abandoned places back to life, including buildings which have lost their charm and are hidden in darkness. Through my photography, I try to employ light calligraphy by writing a word that attaches a deep meaning to those places and telling stories behind them.(目前，我正在研究如何让废弃的地方重现生机，包括那些失去魅力、隐藏在黑暗中的建筑。通过我的摄影，我尝试用光绘书法写下一个对这些地方有深刻意义的词，并讲述它们背后的故事。)”可知，作者目前所扮演的角色是让被遗忘的遗址重现生机的艺术家。故选 C。

28. A     29. C     30. D     31. C

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了生物识别技术可帮助了解人们对城市元素的情绪反应，通过研究发现无车空间更易让人产生积极情绪，利于社区建设。

28. 词句猜测题。根据划线词所在句“researchers can collect real time facial expressions and eye movements with a camera, and therefore discern hidden information from people’s faces when they are engaged with different urban scenes. (研究人员可以用相机收集实时的面部表情和眼球运动，因此当人们接触不同的城市场景时，可以从他们的脸上……隐藏信息)”中“hidden information from people’s faces”可推知，研究人员借助相机收集的面部表情和眼球运动信息，应该是能够识别出隐藏信息。故划线词 discern 意为“识别”，与 A 项“Recognize”意思相近。故选 A 项。

29. 细节理解题。根据第二段中“Then the biometric software uses a method to score whether a participant displayed positive, negative or neutral (无倾向的) emotions based on slight movements in their facial muscles. (然后生物识别软件使用一种方法，根据参与者面部肌肉的微小运动来评判他们表现出的是积极、消极还是无倾向的情绪)”可知，生物识别软件通过分析面部肌肉运动来判断参与者的情绪。故选 C 项。

30. 细节理解题。根据第三段“And after several researches, we did find that cars absorbed people naturally, but people’s emotional responses are more negative while looking at them.(经过多次实验验证，我们确实发现：汽车会自然吸引人们的注意力，但人们在注视汽车时往往产生更为消极的情绪反应)”可知，参与者可能会被汽车的图像和视频吸引。故选 D 项。

31. 主旨大意题。通读全文，结合第一段“Until now it has been impossible to understand the human mind, but new biometric (生物计量的) tools are changing this. Assuming people agree to let these technologies observe them, researchers can collect

real-time facial expressions and eye movements with a camera, and therefore discern hidden information from people's faces when they are engaged with different urban scenes.(迄今为止，人类心智始终是难以破解的谜题，但新兴生物识别技术正在颠覆这一认知。在获得被试者知情同意的前提下，研究人员可通过摄像设备实时采集面部微表情与眼动轨迹，进而从个体面对不同城市场景时的面部反应中解码潜在认知信息)”和后文对相关研究的介绍可知，本文主要讲的是生物识别技术有助于了解人们对城市空间的感受。故选 C 项。

32. D    33. B    34. A    35. D

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了一项新的研究表明，人们可能会喜欢聊天机器人制作的诗歌，因为他们的简单明了的图像，情感和主题，为此科学家进行了一项研究。

32. 推理判断题。根据第一段“A new study suggests people might like chatbot-produced poems for their simple and straightforward images, emotions and themes.(一项新的研究表明，人们可能会喜欢聊天机器人制作的诗歌，因为他们的简单明了的图像，情感和主题。)”和第二段“In a recent experiment, the researchers tasked OpenAI's ChatGPT with generating poems in the styles of famous poets, then presented 1,634 participants with ten poems — five human-written and five chatbot-generated — and assessed how people rated the poems based on 14 qualities, including rhythm and originality.(在最近的一项实验中，研究人员让 OpenAI 的 ChatGPT 以著名诗人的风格生成诗歌，然后向 1634 名展示了十首诗——五首是人类写的，五首是聊天机器人生成的——并评估了人们对这些诗的 14 种品质的评分，节奏和原创性。)”可推知，研究人员进行这项实验的目的是确认一个发现——人们可能会喜欢聊天机器人制作的诗歌，故选 D。

33. 推理判断题。根据第三段中“Why readers seem to prefer AI-generated poetry is not entirely clear, but the researchers' best guess is that the AI poems may be more appealing because they are relatively straightforward and simple to comprehend. “Emily Dickinson sometimes breaks the expected rhyme scheme (韵律) on purpose,” says Brian Porter, a researcher at the University of Pittsburgh, “But the AI-generated poems in her style never did that once.”(为什么读者似乎更喜欢 AI 生成的诗歌并不完全清楚，但是研究人员的最佳猜测是，AI 诗可能更具吸引力，因为它们相对简单明了，简单地理解。匹兹堡大学的研究员布莱恩·波特 (Brian Porter) 说：“艾米丽·迪金森有时会故意打破预期的韵律。但是 AI 生成的她的风格的诗歌从未那样做过一次 (打破预期的韵律)。)”可推知，艾米丽·迪金森 (Emily Dickinson) 的例子暗示了 AI 满足现代读者的阅读偏好——人们喜欢简单明了的内容。故选 B。

34. 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段中““Poetry will always be necessary,” Lasky says, “If they read AI poems and like that poem better than a human-generated poem, then

that, to me, is beautiful. They have a good experience with a poem, and I don't care who wrote it. I feel there is room for all poets— even robot poets.”(“诗歌将永远是必要的，”拉斯基说，“如果他们阅读人工智能的诗，并且比人类创作的诗更喜欢那首诗，那么在我看来，这是美丽的。我不在乎是谁写的，只要他们有一段很好的诗歌体验。我觉得所有的诗人都有空间——即使是机器人诗人。”)”可知，Dorothea Lasky 认为无论是机器人还是人写诗，只要写出好的诗歌便是好的，由此可推知，他认为诗歌写作应该是百花齐放，故选 A。

35. 主旨大意题。通读全文，尤其是第一段“A new study suggests people might like chatbot-produced poems for their simple and straightforward images, emotions and themes.(一项新的研究表明，人们可能会喜欢聊天机器人制作的诗歌，因为他们的简单明了的图像，情感和主题。)”可知，文章主要介绍了一项新的研究表明，人们可能会喜欢聊天机器人制作的诗歌，因为他们的简单明了的图像，情感和主题，为此科学家进行了一项研究，由此可知，文章主要探讨了人工智能作的诗和诗人写出的诗，哪个更受欢迎，D 项“Chatgpt 或 Dickinson，谁更好？”能概括文章内容，故选 D。

36. G    37. E    38. F    39. D    40. B

【导语】本文是一篇议论文。文章主要讨论了人们往往容易为他人挺身而出，但在为自己发声时却感到困难，并提供了如何从支持他人转变为自我倡导的建议。

36. 上文“For most of us, it's pretty easy to stand up for someone else. But when it's about ourselves, we often struggle-thinking it's selfish, rude, or unkind to speak up for our own needs.(对我们大多数人来说，为他人挺身而出是很容易的，但当涉及到我们自己时，我们往往会挣扎，认为为自己的需求发声是自私、粗鲁或不友善的)”说明了人们在为自己发声时的心理障碍。空处和前文为转折关系，引出忽视自己需求会带来的不良后果。G 项“然而，忽视自己的需求会削弱自我价值感并招致他人的轻视。”符合语境，既承接了上文提到的为自己发声的困难，又引出了下文关于如何提升自我价值感的讨论。故选 G。

37. 上文“This “currency of self” isn't limitless-it's earned, spent, and invested.(这种“自我货币”并非无限——它是赚取、消费和投资的)”提出了“自我货币”的概念，并指出其需要被投资。空处和前文为顺接关系，进一步说明如何“投资”这种“自我货币”。E 项“要增长它，就要保护你的时间、精力和情感储备。”符合语境，提供了具体的建议，即通过保护自己的时间、精力和情感储备来提升自我价值感。故选 E。

38. 上文“Healthy boundaries start with honoring your limits-defining what's sustainable so your resources aren't exhausted.(健康的界限始于尊重自己的极限——定义什么是可持续的，这样你的资源就不会耗尽)”提出了建立健康界限的重要性。空处和前文为顺接关系，说明明确界限后带来的结果。F 项“清晰地表达出来，别人就会知道如何尊重你。”符合语境，说明了建立健康界限后，通过清

晰表达，他人会学会如何尊重你，这是健康界限带来的积极结果之一，也暗示了健康界限有助于维护个人价值和尊严。故选 F。

39. 上文“However, over time this habit over a long period of time can be harmful to your sense of self-worth.(然而，从长远来看，这个习惯会对你的自我价值感造成伤害)”指出了取悦他人这一习惯的负面影响。空处和前文为顺接关系，提出打破这一习惯的方法。D 项“要打破它，就要开始依靠勇气和内在力量。”符合语境，提供了具体的建议，即通过依靠勇气和内在力量来打破取悦他人的习惯。故选 D。

40. 下文“Speaking them-to yourself or others-is how you carve your place in the world. They shape your journey, guiding you toward a life of substance.(向自己或他人表达它们（你的愿望），这就是你在世界上确立自己位置的方式。它们塑造了你的旅程，引导你走向有意义的生活)”说明要表达自己的愿望。空处和后文为顺接关系，引出下文对表达愿望的阐述。B 项“你的愿望值得关注、精力和尊重。”符合语境，与上文形成呼应，强调了个人需求和愿望的重要性。故选 B。

### 第三部分 语言运用：完形填空

41. C    42. B    43. A    44. D    45. C    46. B    47. C    48. D  
49. A    50. B    51. D    52. C    53. B    54. B    55. C

【导语】本文是一篇夹叙夹议的文章。文章主要讲述了一位名叫 Bob 的朋友作为高敏感成就者，因对自己要求过高而在面对失败时陷入自责和过度反思的困境。文章指出，虽然自我批评有时被视为促使进步的手段，但研究表明过度自我批评反而会产生负面影响。

41. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：有一天，他带着沮丧的情绪来到了我们的辅导课。A. shocked 震惊的；B. delighted 高兴的；C. upset 沮丧的，心烦意乱的；D. embarrassed 尴尬的。根据后文“However, things didn’t go smoothly as planned.”以及“When he did get an opportunity to give his speech, he felt nervous and forgot his words.”可知，Bob 为了准备会议做了很多工作但最后却表现不佳可知，他此时的情绪应该是沮丧的。故选 C 项。

42. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：他起草了发言要点，并准备好了会议软件以便做出贡献。A. adopted 收养，采取；B. drafted 起草；C. transformed 转变；D. strengthened 加强。根据后文“his talking points”可知，此处指起草发言稿。故选 B 项。

43. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：同上。A. contribute 贡献；B. distribute 分配；C. distract 分心；D. decorate 装饰。根据前文“Bob had spent hours preparing for an important meeting”可知，他做了这么多准备工作是为了在会议中做出贡献。故选 A 项。

44. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：起初，在那些看似地位更高的同事面前，Bob 努力让别人听到他的声音。A. pretended 假装；B. promised 承诺；C. refused 拒绝；D. struggled 努力。根据后文“to be heard above those seemingly more distinguished colleagues”可知，在那些地位更高的同事面前，Bob 努力让别人听到他的声音。

故选 D 项。

45. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：之后，Bob 一直为这件事所困扰。A. deceived 欺骗；B. controlled 控制；C. troubled 困扰，使感到心烦，不安；D. prevented 阻止。根据后文“he couldn't stop beating himself up”可知，他一直无法停止自责，说明他一直为这件事所困扰，心烦。故选 C 项。

46. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：他时刻要求自己做到最好。A. forgiveness 原谅；B. excellence 优秀；C. consideration 考虑；D. expectation 期待。根据前文“a high achiever”可知，他是一个高成就者，所以此处指他时刻要求自己做到最好。故选 B 项。

47. 考查动词短语辨析。句意：但是当他无法满足那些不可能实现的高期望时，他天生的敏感和体贴就会使他陷入自责。A. get rid of 摆脱；B. give way to 对……让步；C. live up to 符合，不辜负；D. go back to 回到。根据后文“his innate sensitivity and thoughtfulness will cause him to get into \_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_”可知，他无法实现高期望时会陷入自责，所以此处指他无法符合那些高期望。故选 C 项。

48. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：同上。A. self-improvement 自我提高；B. self-confidence 自信；C. self-discipline 自律；D. self-criticism 自责。根据前文“he couldn't stop beating himself up”可知，此处指他会陷入自责。故选 D 项。

49. 考查形容词短语辨析。句意：如果你也有 Bob 的反应，那么你也是对自己太苛刻了。A. hard on 对……苛刻；B. confident of 对……有信心；C. surprised by 对……感到惊讶；D. proud of 对……感到骄傲。根据前文文“If you also share Bob's reaction”及后文“making harsh personal judgments, over analyzing your short-comings and reflecting on your minor faults”可知，此处指读者如果与 Bob 一样，则是对自己太苛刻。故选 A 项。

50. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：你可能会有一些行为：做出严厉的个人判断，过度分析你的缺点，反思你的小错误。A. restrictions 限制；B. behaviors 行为；C. ambitions 抱负；D. explanations 解释。根据后文“making harsh personal judgments, over analyzing your shortcomings and reflecting on your minor faults”可知，做出严厉的个人判断，过度分析你的缺点，反思你的小错误，这些都是指一个人的行为。故选 B 项。

51. 考查形容词词义辨析。句意：也许很多人认为自我批评能让我们敏锐。A. overcautious 过于谨慎的；B. awkward 尴尬的；C. conservative 保守的；D. sharp 敏锐的。根据后文“Sensitive strivers like Bob often use it”可知，像 Bob 这样的敏感奋斗者经常使用自我批评，说明他们认为自我批评能让自己变得敏锐。故选 D 项。

52. 考查名词词义辨析。句意：像 Bob 这样的敏感奋斗者经常把它作为一种动机，希望它能迫使他们表现得更好。A. campaign 运动；B. challenge 挑战；C. motivation 动机；D. flexibility 灵活性。根据后文“hoping that it'll force them to

perform better”可知，此处指他们希望自我批评能激励自己表现得更好，把自我批评当作一种动力。故选 C 项。

53. 考查副词词义辨析。句意：但研究表明，当过度使用时，自我批评是一种糟糕的策略。A. appropriately 适当地；B. excessively 过度地；C. efficiently 高效地；D. wisely 明智地。根据前文“self-criticism is a poor strategy”可知，此处指过度使用自我批评是一种糟糕的策略。故选 B 项。

54. 考查副词词义辨析。句意：它会对你产生负面影响，例如，你会有更少的动力，更差的自我控制能力，以及更严重的拖延。A. temporarily 暂时地；B. negatively 负面地；C. permanently 永久地；D. regularly 规律地。根据后文“you’ll have less motivation, worse self-control, and greater procrastination”可知，这些都是自我批评的负面影响。故选 B 项。

55. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：只要你成功打破了对自己要求过严的模式，你肯定会从你的敏感和野心中受益。A. forming 形成；B. following 跟随；C. breaking 打破；D. preserving 保护。根据后文“you’ll definitely benefit from both your sensitivity and your ambition”结合前文提到过度自我批评和逼自己太紧带来的不好影响可知，只要你打破了对自己要求过严的模式，你就能受益。break the pattern of 意为“打破……的模式”符合句意。故选 C 项。

**语法填空：**

56. to start      57. approval      58. artistic      59. mostly      60. and  
61. having      62. it      63. which      64. is expected      65. activities

【导语】这是一篇新闻报道。文章主要介绍了中国国家自然博物馆新场馆北京将于 2029 年 10 月开始试运行，介绍了博物馆的一些情况。

56. 考查非谓语动词。句意：新场馆北京将于 2029 年 10 月开始试运行。短语 be scheduled to 表示“计划安排”。故填 to start。

57. 考查名词。句意：故宫博物院日前宣布，已获得政府批准，将在北京中轴线以南建设新馆。作动词的宾语，用名词 approval。故填 approval。

58. 考查形容词。句意：博物馆保存、研究、收集、解释和展示具有历史、科学和艺术价值的自然文物和自然遗产。修饰名词 values 用形容词 artistic，作定语。故填 artistic。

59. 考查副词。句意：博物馆的常设展览大多按照生物的进化趋势进行安排，展示生物多样性及其与环境的关系，建立地球上生命出现和发展的全景。修饰动词 arranged 用副词 mostly，作状语。故填 mostly。

60. 考查连词。句意：博物馆的常设展览大多按照生物的进化趋势进行安排，展示生物多样性及其与环境的关系，建立地球上生命出现和发展的全景。结合前后文语境可知为并列关系，用连词 and。故填 and。

61. 考查非谓语动词。句意：它目前的建筑面积约为 2.3 万平方米，每年接待约 180 万游客。have 与 site 构成主动关系，故用现在分词作定语。故填 having。

62. 考查 it 用法。句意：由于其容量，通常很难预订到票，特别是在暑假期间。此处为句型 it be adj. to do sth., it 作形式主语，动词不定式是真正的主语。故填 it。

63. 考查定语从句。句意：新址将耗时 5 年左右建成，建筑面积将超过 19.38 万平方米。空处引导非限制性定语从句，先行词 new site，在从句作主语，指物，需用关系代词 which 引导。故填 which。

64. 考查固定短语。句意：预计每年将接待 500 万至 700 万游客。短语 be expected to 表示“预计……”，根据时间状语“annually”可知，使用一般现在时，主语为 It，be 动词用 is。故填 is expected。

65. 考查名词的数。句意：故宫博物院表示，新馆将举办更多样化的科学教育活动，以帮助激发儿童和青少年对自然科学的兴趣。空处作宾语，根据上文 more diverse 可知，此处使用复数形式。故填 activities。

#### 第四部分 写作

66. 应用文：One possible version:

Dear Tom,

I'm writing to share my choice for the new column. I strongly recommend adding "Learning Tips Corner" to our English newspaper.

This column would be highly beneficial as many students struggle with effective study methods. By sharing practical strategies—like vocabulary memorization or writing techniques—we can directly address these challenges. Additionally, it's easy to gather content: teachers and top students could contribute advice regularly. This ensures the column stays dynamic and truly helpful.

Thank you for considering my suggestion! I'd greatly appreciate hearing your thoughts on this.

Best regards,

Li Hua

67. 读后续写：One possible version:

Several days later, I caught sight of a familiar figure in the wheelchair, looking closely at my poster. Feeling a warm blush burning my cheeks, I bowed my head, trying to escape her attention. But after a brief hesitation, I collected myself and edged toward her. When our eyes met, a faint smile flashed across her lips as if to comfort me. It was Grace who broke the silence, saying, firmly and affectionately, "Stay positive and never forget you are not alone." Her words were like a warm stream flowing into my heart. Greatly inspired, I promised her I would cheer myself up and do everything I can to win back the students' trust and respect as president.

I went to the campus lawn, began to admit my mistakes in public and promised that I had learned my lesson. Afterwards, I sprinted back to my community and



sincerely apologized to them for my arrogance and dictatorial manner before. Then, the following few weeks witnessed me cooperating with my fellows, extensively seeking advice and listening patiently to their opinions. With joint efforts, not only was the coffeehouse successfully set up, but my job as president also went smoothly. It dawned on me that only by being a humble and inclusive listener can we achieve great success.

【导语】本文以人物为线索展开。讲述了热爱爬山和远足的作者在同学们的支持下成功当选学生会主席后，组织了很多有意义的活动，甚至还帮助残疾同学 Grace 建立自信，登上山顶。但随着时间的推移，作者越来越傲慢，变得目中无人，独断专行，最终引发了大家的抨击，最后在 Grace 的开导下，作者意识到了自己的错误，并向大家公开道歉。

【详解】1.段落续写：

①由第一段首句内容“几天后，我看到一个熟悉的身影坐在轮椅上，凝视着我的海报。”可知，第一段可描写 Grace 对作者的鼓励及作者的反应。

②由第二段首句内容“我走到校园草坪上，开始在公众面前承认我的错误，并保证我已经吸取了教训。”可知，第二段可描写作者公开致歉及感悟。

2.续写线索：接受鼓励——道歉——重获信任——感悟

3.词汇激活

行为类

①低下我的头：bow my head/lower my head

②逐渐靠近：edge toward/approach toward/get close to

③鼓舞：inspire/encourage

情绪类

①保持积极：stay positive/act positively/remain positive

②真诚地：sincerely/honestly/genuinely

【点睛】[高分句型 1] It was Grace who broke the silence, saying, firmly and affectionately, “Stay positive and never forget you are not alone.” (运用了 it was...who 的强调句及现在分词作状语)

[高分句型 2] It dawned on me that only by being a humble and inclusive listener can we achieve great success. (运用了 it 作形式主语及“only+状语”提前的部分倒装句)

听力原文及答案：

**Text 1**

W: Excuse me. **I'm going to the City Museum.** Is there a bus station nearby?

M: No, but you can take the subway Line 1. **I'm walking to the nearby station.**

**Why don't you come with me?**

W: **That couldn't be better. Thanks a lot.**

## Text 2

M: What's so funny, Cathy?

W: Oh, nothing. It's an acting exercise. I'm practicing my fake laugh(假笑). My agent(经纪人) just got me a role as a strange nurse in a movie called *Medical School*.

## Text 3

W: You've been coughing since you stepped into my office, Mr. Brown. What other symptoms(症状) do you have?

M: Well, I had a slight headache last night but it seems to disappear now. But my sore throat doesn't seem to go away.

## Text 4

W: I passed the interview and got the job offer, but I'm hesitant about doing the job.

M: What's wrong?

W: The pay is satisfactory, but the company is a bit far away from where I live now.

M: I think you should take the job and rent a flat near the company.

## Text 5 (2020 年 7 月全国 I 卷)

W: Tom, your music is too loud.

M: Our band is practicing for the show, Mom.

W: But it's already the middle of the night.

M: Okay, we'll cut it off right away.

## Text 6

W: Can you tell me something about yourself, Mr. Smith?

M: Yes. ⑥After graduating a year ago, I'd worked for a language training institution for ten months. I just quit two months ago. And that was my last job.

W: Okay. As a tour guide, one needs to have a strong interest in history, art, culture and heritage. Are you interested in them?

M: Yes. I'm familiar with a lot of history. And I also have good communication skills.

W: Very good. ⑦Well, may I know why you want to be a tour guide?

M: ⑦Being a tour guide often offers a flexible schedule and the opportunity to travel to different places, which appeals to people like me who seek adventure and a dynamic(充满活力的) work environment.

## Text 7 (2024 年 6 月新课标 I 卷)

W: ⑧⑩**Hello, Dave, this is Kathy from sunny California.**

M: Hi, Kathy. You finally called. ⑧**How was the move? All settled in(安顿下来)?**

W: Sorry I hadn't called sooner, but it's been a busy month. ⑧**We're slowly getting things set up in our new home.**

M: Yeah, I understand. ⑨**How are Jeff and the children?**

W: ⑨**Jeff is doing well with his new job. Tom has made many new friends here and has a lot to do. Fiona is fine, though she misses her grandma.** ⑩**By the way, thank you for looking in on(看望) my mother from time to time.** I call her every week, but it isn't the same as seeing her.

M: No problem. Betty and I are friends now. How is the weather there?

W: It's nice and warm, and we are able to spend some time every week on the beach with the children.

M: That's great.

### Text 8

W: Hello, I'm from *Agricultural News*. Can I ask you a few questions?

M: Of course.

W: Thank you. ⑪**Do you like your job as a dairy farmer(奶农)?**

M: Yeah. ⑪**Whenever I milk the cows, I feel content, although my parents opposed me at first.** After graduation, I gave up a good job in the city, because I wanted to engage in the work related to agriculture. Nowadays many young people are unwilling to go to the countryside, but the rural economy also needs development.

W: That's impressive. Is it tiring?

M: Yes. ⑫**I work about 12 hours a day, and I normally start work at 5:00 a.m. I take a rest from 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.** And my job includes checking my cows, doing some cleaning, milking the cows by machine and so on.

W: I see. ⑬**Can I try milking the cows?**

M: ⑬**Yes. I will show you.**

### Text 9

W: ⑭**Lucien, I'm going to Italy on business. I know you are a native there. Is there anything I should pay attention to?**

M: Firstly, there is no football in our conversation. ⑭**And remember when eating in Italy, men and women sit separately.** The order of having a meal is cold dishes first, followed by main courses, and finally drinks. Don't order pineapple pizza. We do hate that!

W: Wow, that's very sound(合理的) advice. I have a one-week vacation. Where shall I

spend it?

M: ⑮**My hometown Florence is a paradise for art lovers**, which has numerous museums with many wonderful sculptures. ⑯**Besides, a visit to Rome is a must. Walking around the streets, you'll be amazed by the architecture.** And if you're a culture lover, Venice has some of the most beautiful masterpieces in the world. All in all, the tour of Italy will not disappoint you.

W: Sounds fantastic! ⑰**I'm interested in your hometown. I'd like to visit there first.**

M: Enjoy your trip!

### Text 10 (第 20 题为总结题)

M: ⑱**I teach economics at a university on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. I spend two hours every time.** Last Monday, my story touched my students. In spite of the early hour, no one seemed to be asleep. Here's what happened.

⑲**A young lady said her weekend had not been good. Then she wondered why I always looked so cheerful.** Her question reminded me of something I'd read: Every morning when you get up, you have a choice about how you want to live that day. I said, "I choose to be cheerful."

I continued, "Besides teaching here, I once taught at a college in Henderson, seventeen miles from my house. One day, I exited the freeway(高速公路) and turned onto College Drive. But just then my car died. I tried to start it again but the engine wouldn't work. I had to take my books and walk to the college. On the way, I dropped by a towing company(拖车公司). ⑳**The secretary there asked me what had happened. 'This is my lucky day,' I replied. He said, 'Your car broke down and today is your lucky day? What do you mean?' I explained, 'It broke down at the perfect place—off the freeway, within walking distance of here. I can still teach my class. If my car was meant to break down today, it couldn't have been arranged in a more convenient way.'** Then he stood still with his eyes and mouth wide open."